freight for Steel industries in last two years has been as follows:—

Year	Rs. in Crores
1989-90	533.64
1990-91	705.04

(d) and (e) The team deputed to U.S.A. has since returned on 25th November, '91. The team has indicated that some of the following technologies could be applied to deal with Jharia Coalfield fire:—

(i) Use of hydro monitors for quenching the fire followed by excavation of heated debris and coal;

(ii) Drilling under high temperature conditions;

(iii) Infusion of foams through bore-holes;

(iv) Use of expanded cement-slurry mix for sealing of the cracks and stabilising the area;

A detailed Action Plan is being worked out by the team with the assistance of other experts in the field to control all the fires of Jharia Coalfield effectively.

Illegal mining in coal mines ....

946. SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that due to illegal collusion of Eastern Coalfields Limited and the Coal Mafia unabated illegal mining is going on in Lalmalia and Simlong mines of Rajmahal Project; and

(b) if so, what steps Government propose to tackle this situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) and (b) Government is not aware of any large scale illegal mining of coal in coalfield areas. Any cases of illegal mining as and when detected are reported to local police authorities for taking action according to law.

Inclusion of representative of SC/ST and Minorities in the Selection Committees/ Boards

947. MAULANA OBAIDULLAH KHAN AZMI: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether the instructions of the Government of India of August, 1990 for inclusion of representatives of SC, ST and Minorities in the Selection Committees/ Boards have been implemented by his Ministry;

(b) if so, what are the details of such bodies and organisations under his Ministry where the instructions have been implemented;

(c) what are the names of the bodies which have not implemented the instructions so far and the reasons therefor; and

(d) what steps are being taken by Government/institutions in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) and (b) All the public sector undertakings/subordinate formations under the administrative control of the Ministry of Coal have reported compliance of the instructions of the Government of India of August, 1990 for inclusion of the representatives of SC, ST and Minorities in the Selection Committees/Boards. Their names are as under:—

1. Coal India Limited;
2. Neyveli Lignite Corporation Limited;
3. Eastern Coalfields Limited;
4. Bharat Coking Coal Limited;
5. Western Coalfields Limited;
6. Central Coalfields Limited;
7. South Eastern Coalfields Limited;
8. Northern Coalfields Limited;
9. Central Mine Planning & Design Institute Limited;
10. North Eastern Coalfields Limited;
11. Coal Mines Provident Fund, Dhanbad; and

12. Coal Controller, Calcutta.

(c) and (d) Question doesn't arise.

Supply of coal to cement and sponge iron industry from the nearest coal pit

948. SHRI SANTOSH BAGRODIA: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided to meet full requirements of the cement industry and sponge iron industry from the nearest coal pit to avoid national wastage of transportation;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what is the expected requirement of coal to meet the immediate requirement of coal of these industries and by what time their entire requirement is expected to be met?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI S. B. NYAMAGOUDA): (a) to (c) The allocation of coal to various cement plants and sponge iron plants is decided upon by Standing Linkage Committee comprising of representatives from concerned Ministries/Departments including Railways, Planning Commission and Coal Companies. While deciding the coal linkage, efforts are always made by the Committee to provide coal from a rational source taking into account factors like location of the plant, distance and mode of transportation from the mine and the development plan of the mine from which coal could be supplied.

In the current year (1991-92) coal requirement for the cement industry has been assessed as 12.70 mt. and that for sponge iron 0.90 mt. By the terminal year of Eighth Plan i.e. 1996-97, the coal requirement for the cement and sponge iron industries is expected to go upto 17.40 mt. and 3.10 mt. respectively. These industries require better grades of coal which are available only at few places like Korba, Central India, Wardha, Raniganj, South Karanpura and Godavari Valley Coalfields. While linked consumers from all Coalfields other than Godavari Valley Coalfields (Singareni Collieries Company Limited) are by and large receiving coal according to their requirement, there has been some shortfall in availability from Godavari Valley Coalfield. Efforts are being made to increase the production to meet the projected demand of these industries in the Eighth Plan.

कोयले की गुणवत्ता को सुधारने के लिए अनुसंधान

949. **श्री राम जेठमलानी :**
सरदार जगजीत सिंह अरोड़ा :

क्या **कोयला** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि देश में सर्वोत्तम श्रेणी का कोयला उपलब्ध न होने के कारण कोयला अधिकांश मात्रा में आयात किया जाता है ;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि विगत वर्षों के दौरान अच्छी किस्म के कोयले की खोज करने के लिये प्रयास नहीं किया गया है ; और कोई

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में तथ्य क्या हैं और इस संबंध में सरकार की क्या योजना है ?

कोयला मंत्रालय में उप-मंत्री (श्री एस०बी० नयमेगौड़ा) : (क) से (ग) भारतीय कोयला संसाधन उच्च राख की मात्रा वाले तत्वों तथा निम्न गुणवत्ता के स्वरूप के हैं । अच्छे ग्रेड के कोयले के भण्डारों का अंश केवल लगभग 25% है और जोकि मुख्यतः बिहार बंगाल तथा सेंट्रल इण्डिया के कोयला क्षेत्रों में पाया जाता है जबकि अन्य औद्योगिक उपभोक्ताओं ने उपलब्ध देशीय ग्रेड के कोयले के लिये उपयुक्त कम्बूशन उपकरण का समायोजन करने